Central New Plymouth Kāhui Ako

(99163)

Achievement Challenge Plan



Ko te toki tē tangatanga i te rā. He toki, He tangata.

We will remain unified as one people regardless of any obstacles that may challenge our unity.

Introduction | Whakatakinga

A Kāhui Ako is a group of education and training providers that form around children's and young people's learning pathways and work together to help them achieve their full potential.

In collaborating together, our Kāhui Ako will have a shared purpose to look after the young people in our community.

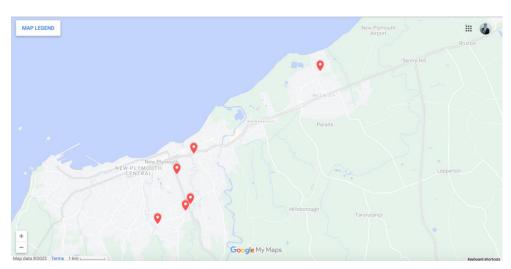
Our Aspirations | Hōkaka

Our Achievement Challenges have been developed following consultation and reflection with schools in the Kāhui Ako. They are designed to promote a culture of learning where we:

- All have a commitment to outcomes for all students, irrespective of the age, stage or location of students
- Practice effective pedagogy to improve student achievement
- Share practice to raise professional capabilities and capacity across the Kāhui Ako

Our People, Our Place | Tō Tātou lwi, Tō Tātau Kāinga

The Central New
Plymouth Kāhui Ako
is made up of six New
Plymouth Schools: 3
Primary schools, 1
Intermediate and 2
Secondary Schools.
As of 1 July 2022, the
total roll of the Kāhui
Ako was 4,417, made



up of NZ / Pakeha 2882 (65%), Māori 1032 (23%), Pacific 110 (2.5%), Asian 263 (5.9%) and others 142 (3.5%).

All the schools are within the Te Atiawa iwi boundary.

- 1. New Plymouth Girls' High School
- 2. New Plymouth Boys' High School

- 3. Highlands Intermediate School
- 4. Puketapu School
- 5. Welbourn School
- 6. Vogeltown School

Our Schools | Ō Mātou Kura

Students numbers are from 2022 July roll data.

School	Year	School	Area	Student	
	Groups	Roll		population	
Puketapu School					
	Years	395	New	NZ/Pakeha	43%
Te Kura o	1 - 8		Plymouth	Māori	42%
PUKETAPU				Pacific	4%
				Asian	8%
www.puketapu.school.nz				MELAA	1%
				Other	1%

Empower All People to be Healthy, Lifelong Learners:

At Puketapu School we believe that our students contribute to their learning, their whānau and their community, they are communicators, they are kind to themselves, others and their environment, they are learners, they have a strong sense of belonging and they look after their wellbeing.

Vogeltown School				NZ/Pakeha	69%
	Years	370	New	Māori	19%
E list	1 - 6		Plymouth	Pacific	1%
VS LERVIES				Asian	6%
				MELAA	5%
				Other	0%
www.vogeltown.school.nz					

School Vision:

Maanaki Whenua – Maanaki Tangata – Haere Whakamua Care for the land – Care for the People – Go Forward

Our Values: I - R.O.C.K : I - Inclusive, R - Respectful, O - Original/Creative, C - Courageous, K - Kind (Caring)

Vogeltown Primary School in the heart of New Plymouth, is a warm, innovative and progressive school mixing the very best of the future, with proven values and attitudes of the past. At the centre of our school are the people – students, parents, and staff; all working together to ensure that every child gets the best possible learning opportunities.

School	Year Groups	School Roll	Area	Student population	
Welbourn School					
	Years	313	New	NZ/Pakeha	66%
Welbourn	1 - 6		Plymouth	Māori	20%
2 School				Pasifika	2%
2.5				Asian	10%
www.welbourn.school.nz				MELAA	2%
				Other	1%

Vision:

Our school community developed Vision underpins all our planning and actions. We want Welbourn School to be a place where every child is given the opportunity to develop as Confident, Capable, Creative, Connected, and Engaged Life Long Learners.... Soaring to Success. We have high expectations for all our students.

Our school motto – "Make good choices, be Fair, Care and Share" is a living value that underpins our behaviour expectations and the importance we place on respect, relationships and belonging.

Highlands Intermediate					
School	Years	703	New	NZ/Pakel	na 77%
	7 – 8		Plymouth	Māori	15%
AND LUCIU ANDS				Pasifika	1%
HIGHLANDS INTERMEDIATE				Asian	4%
				MELAA	3%
				Other	1%
www.highlands.school.nz					

Our Focus & Vision:

Our focus is to provide action learning that has as its centre the individual student. Essential skills, attitudes and values are acquired through a balance of curriculum, knowledge and understanding. Students will develop necessary skills through a range of learning experiences across the whole curriculum.

Highlands Intermediate has a clear vision for our students. Authentic learning, real situations and personal relevance all underpin the school-wide teaching approach. We aim to create confident, connected, actively involved, lifelong learners.

School	Year	School	Area	Student	
	Groups	Roll		populati	on
New Plymouth Girls' High					
School	Years	1271	New	NZ/Pakeha	67%
	9 - 13		Plymouth	Māori	22%
New Plymouth Girls' High School				Pasifika	3%
Te Kura Taitamawāhine o Puke Ariki				Asian	6%
www.npghs.school.nz				MELAA	1%
				Other	1%

Vision: To develop educated, confident young women of outstanding character. **Our Mission:** We exist so that each young woman has the opportunity to discover and develop the necessary knowledge, skills, values and character to enable her to fulfil her potential.

We passionately believe in the effectiveness of education to empower young people to develop their strengths and talents. Our values underpin our thinking and actions: Whakamana- Respect, Responsibility – Haepapa, Whanangatanga-Relationships

New Plymouth Boys' High					
School	Years	1387	New	NZ/Pakel	na 63%
	9 - 13		Plymouth	Māori	25%
NEW PLYMOUTH BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL				Pasifika	3%
TE KURA TAMATĀNE O NGĀMOTU				Asian	6%
To the state of th				MELAA	3%
www.npbhs.school.nz				Other	1%
<u>www.riporis.scriooi.riz</u>					

Vision: Be The Example

We set the standard for the boys schools in not only Taranaki but New Zealand. Our students set the standard, and our staff set the standard. It's not about following other schools, it's about cutting our path, innovating, leading, being our own school, and one others aspire to be like – not the other way round. It's not about being arrogant, putting ourselves above others, but focussing on what we do and what we can control.

Our Achievement Challenges

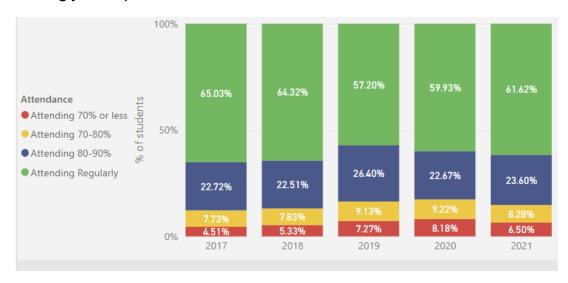
What our data shows

The <u>collated data for our Kāhui Ako</u> reflects the data that each school holds and knows from anecdotal and qualitative information. Schools within our Kāhui Ako have an abundance of achievement and attainment data, from PAT and other standardised testing to NCEA outcomes. Data collection also takes place through attendance records, discipline and wellbeing support notes, student surveys, focus groups with parents and whānau, Wellbeing@Schools survey, exit surveys amongst others. This provides a rich mix of information that informs our views and interpretations of the key data sets below within our individual contexts.

Attendance Data

While the percentage of students attending regularly in our Kāhui Ako community (61.62%) is slightly above the current national rate of 59.7%, we recognise that this is some distance from the 2024 target of 70% as set in the 'Attendance and Engagement Strategy (June 2022)'. In our Kāhui Ako, this means a change in the attendance patterns of approximately 350 students in two years.

The percentage of students who are chronically absent, attending 70% or less, is 6.5% across our schools. While this compares favourably with 7.7% nationally, we are concerned that this means in our small community there are approximately 270 students who are missing three or more days of school per fortnight. The impact on the learning and outcomes for these students will be felt throughout their learning journey.



Engagement Data

Our schools recognise that we need to effectively involve students in learning if students are to experience success. Attendance, stand-downs, suspensions, and exclusions can provide an indication of where engagement in productive learning may be absent, and/or where behavioural issues may be inhibiting learning.

Across our Kāhui Ako, the 2021 data showed we tended to stand-down students less than would be expected if this was at the national rate, but suspensions were slightly higher than the national comparison. The difference between males and females was noticeable in our Kāhui Ako, while the national data is similar for both groups.

The main reasons for stand-downs across our schools in 2021 were for physical assault and vaping, while the main reasons for suspensions were drugs and continual disobedience.

Stand-downs

Group	Observed stand-downs	Baseline ? stand-downs
Female	39	58.6
Male	67	59.4
CoL Total	106	118.0

Suspension

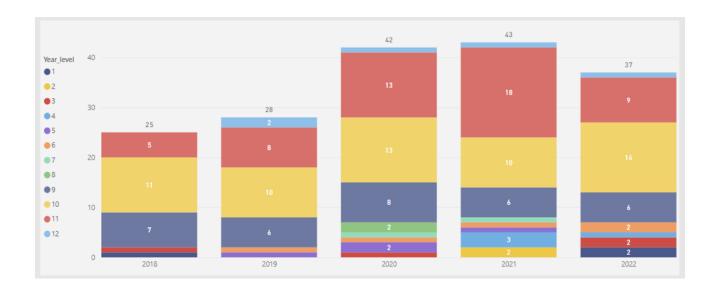
Group	Observed suspensions	Baseline suspensions
Female	9	8.5
Male	12	8.5
CoL Total	21	17.0

Exclusions

Group	Observed exclusions	Baseline exclusions
Female	0	2.6
Male	4	2.6
CoL Total	4	5.2

Not Enrolled students

The schools in this Kāhui Ako are part of a larger Attendance Cluster of 17 schools. The non-enrolment of students across our Kāhui Ako continues to be of concern in terms of engagement in school and education, and the long-term impact on these students and the community we share. Our goal is to reduce the number of unjustified absences before they lead to chronic absentees and then subsequently these students appear on the non-enrolled lists with the Attendance Services.



Achievement Challenges

Achievement Challenge A: Attendance and Engagement

Why is this important to our Kāhui Ako? How will it improve student achievement?

"When students are fully engaged, they take actions to learn; feel positive about engaging in learning; and think deeply about their learning and engagement. In New Zealand, the principles of presence and connectedness are fundamental to initiatives and strategies... Students can be disengaged at different levels and this may not be obvious; they can simply feel bored or they can be hiding emotional distress. Others will show signs of disengagement: they may behave negatively, skip class...."

<u>Learning in a Covid-19 World, Te Ihuwaka/Education Evaluation Centre.</u>

Our collective data shows there is a need to engage with learners in a way that encourages regular attendance. This is key to all learning and achieving the educational aspirations we have for our children and young people. While all three of the achievement challenges are important, we believe this Challenge is critical to the success of the other two, and to the ongoing success of learners.

Aspirational	Initial action	Longer term action
Intent		
Meet the targets	Research into what is	Provide professional
of the national	working in our own	learning to the Kāhui Ako
attendance and	schools and best	regarding aspirational
engagement	practice in engagement.	processes and sharing of
Strategy		knowledge.
	Become familiar with the	Develop and implement
	Attendance and	strategies to help all schools
	Engagement Strategy	achieve the targets in the
	and how this relates to	strategy.
	our Kāhui Ako	

Work across schools on family/whānau s upport	Identify shared families, and work together on attendance and engagement strategies to provide more holistic support to familes/whānau and students.	Provide professional learning for staff within the Kāhui Ako as we develop processes which help eliminate or reduce barriers.

Achievement Challenge B: Coherent Pathways

Why is this important to our Kāhui Ako? How will it improve student achievement?

Students in our Kāhui Ako move through primary-intermediate-secondary, or full primary-secondary before transitioning to work, further training or education. Almost all students have also made a transition from an ECE experience to the school. These significant transitions, along with the internal transitions from year to year, show the need for coherent pathways within and between schools. While the numbers are reasonably small, the group of young people recorded as not enrolled, are a key consideration for the coherent pathway challenge, alongside the desire to see every student continue their learning journey with minimal disruption.

https://curriculumtool.education.govt.nz/en/Home/PathwaysGuidance/99200

https://www.educationcounts.govt.nz/publications/schooling/31853

The way transitions are experienced not only makes a difference to students in the early months of a new situation, but may have a much longer-term impact - socially, emotionally and academically. The transition challenge is not an event but a process, requiring ongoing adjustments over a period of time. Transition involves continuity of learning, well-being, engagement, and rates of attendance for students.

Aspirational	Initial action	Longer term action
Intent		
Conduct a	Analyse published	Report to Kāhui Ako
literature review	research to learn about	members about key findings
to learn from best	transition points. One	and points to note as we
practice	source might be	develop systems.
	Education Counts	
	reports.	
	Analyse published	Develop and implement a
	research to learn about	strategy for transition and
	coherent pathways	capability statements.
	within and between	
	schools. Once source	
	might be <u>Coherent</u>	
	<u>Pathways Guidance</u>	
Develop effective	Explore the use of tools	Develop a shared pedagogy
transition	to enable the	across our Kāhui Ako that
practices and	maintenance of	deepens our understanding
communication	coherent and	of effective transitions,
across our	continuous learning,	development and learning
community to	where data is consistent	in primary, intermediate and
ensure a	and shared.	secondary settings
smoother		
transition for all		
students, with a		
focus on priority		
learners.		

Achievement Challenge C: Hauora, focus on Emotional regulation

Why is this important to our Kāhui Ako? How will it improve student achievement?

"Student wellbeing is strongly linked to learning. A student's level of wellbeing at school is indicated by their satisfaction with life at school, their engagement with learning and their social-emotional behaviour. It is enhanced when evidence-informed practices are adopted by schools in partnership with families and communities. Optimal student wellbeing is a sustainable state, characterised by predominantly positive feelings and attitude, positive relationships at school, resilience, self-optimism and a high level of satisfaction with learning experiences". (ERO Wellbeing for Success: A Resource for Schools, March 2016)

Anger and lack of emotional regulation responses are concerns that are seen in all schools, although they may present differently. Physical aggression, exclusion, bullying, online responses, and acting out are examples. A small number of students have a disproportionate impact on the well-being of students and staff in the school. We note a greater need for a well-being focus, based on the increased requests for interventions and support around students who have or are experiencing trauma.

Aspirational	Initial action	Longer term action
Intent		
Develop effective	Research effective tools	Develop and implement
systems of	and strategies to help	tools, strategies or a
support for	children and young	programme which focuses
students,	people deal with their	on emotional response.
engaging	emotions and reactions	
resources in our		
community		
	Research effective	Consider trial
	pastoral care structures	implementation in two or
	that promote inclusivity	more schools within the
	and belonging	Kāhui Ako
Build a shared	Research our current	Clearly articulate a
language across	practices and language	strengthened and shared
the Kāhui Ako		restorative process.

How will we know we have been successful?

Our Kāhui Ako is intentionally aligning our targets with national strategies, including attendance and engagement. These aspirational targets will be measures of our own success.

By making these targets a focus, we are growing capability and understanding within our schools and Kāhui Ako, while ensuring that strategically important educational priorities are given full attention and resourcing within our schools.

We recognise that engagement is more than attendance, but believe this is a key step in the success of other Challenges.

It is important to note that success in Challenge B and C should not only be measured by quantitative data. For example, a single incident can result in multiple stand-downs or suspensions, and we do not want schools to make compromises in safety or values to meet arbitrary quotas. While success will be measured for each Challenge, it is recognised that these overlap and greater engagement cannot be separated from increased emotional regulation or the impact of a coherent pathway.

We will know success in Challenge B and C if there is a trend towards a decrease in incidents which results in stand-downs, suspensions and exclusions. But more importantly, success will be shown through an increased understanding and implementation of consistent systems to assist students and shared best practices. These systems will help ensure that improvements are through conscious effort and good practice, and can be replicated.